

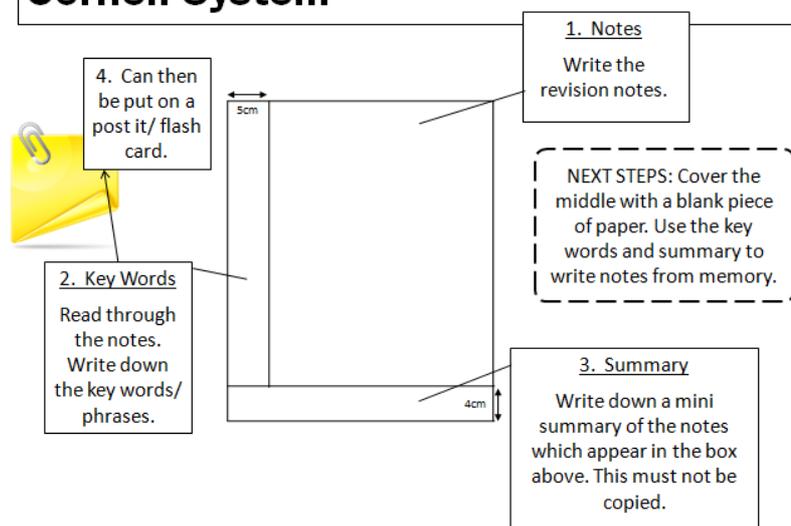
GCSE science revision pack



<https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCBgvmal8AR4QIK2e0EfJwaA>

- **26th February, 5pm:** Where to start and how to revise
- **5th March, 5pm:** Six-markers – how to structure your answers and where to gain marks
- **12th March, 5pm:** Practicals – how and why these questions are different
- **19th March, 5pm:** Exam technique – how to interpret questions and where students commonly lose marks

Cornell System



What NOT to do:

- read/copy notes

Revise actively:

- Look cover write check
- The Cornell system
- Making & using Q&A cards
- Mind maps
- Past exam questions on AQA
- Activities on the school website in the science department section

Q&A Cards

- Use small pieces of card or paper to write questions on a particular topic. The answer should be written on the other side.

Animal & plant Cells

1. what is the job of the nucleus?
2. what are 7 organelles in a plant cell?
3. what is the cell wall made from?
4. what is the function of the vacuole?

Animal & Plant Cells

1. Contains genetic information
2. Vacuole, nucleus, cell wall, cell membrane, cytoplasm, mitochondria, chloroplast
3. Cellulose
4. To keep the cell shape & to store sugars

Excellent for on the bus or tube!

Keep simple. Cover the areas that you are less confident with.

Check answers by flipping over cards and repeat as much as possible.

If required, flash cards can be obtained from the Science teacher or from the Science technician.

The exam

	Combined Science Details for each paper	<i>Triple Science</i> Details for each paper
Biology paper 1	1hr 15 mins 70 marks 16.7% of GCSE Multiple choice, structures, closed short answer & open response Qs	<i>1hr 45 mins</i> <i>100 marks</i> <i>50% of respective GCSE</i> <i>Multiple choice, structures, closed short</i> <i>answer & open response Qs</i>
Biology paper 2		
Chemistry paper 1		
Chemistry paper 2		
Physics paper 1		
Physics paper 2		

Biology		
Module	Year taught	Test paper
1. Cell Biology	9	1
2. Organisation	9	1
3. Infection & response	10	1
4. Bioenergetics	10	1
5. Homeostasis	10	2
6. Inheritance, variation & evolution	11	2
7. Ecology	11	2

Chemistry		
Module	Year taught	Test paper
1. Atomic structure & the periodic table	9	1
2. Bonding, structure, and the properties of matter	9	1
3. Quantitative Chemistry	11	1
4. Chemical changes	11	1
5. Energy changes	11	1
6. The rate & extent of chemical change	10	2
7. Organic chemistry	10	2
8. Chemical analysis	10	2
9. Chemistry of the atmosphere	10	2
10. Using resources	10	2

Physics		
Module	Year taught	Test paper
1. Energy	10 (11)	1
2. Electricity	10/11	1
3. Particle model of matter	9 (10)	1
4. Atomic structure	9 (10)	1
5. Forces	10	2
6. Waves	11	2
7. Magnetism & electromagnetism	11	2
8. <i>Space (triple only)</i>	10	2

Recall Physics equations

Equation number	Word equation	Symbol
1	weight = mass × gravitational field strength (g)	$W = m g$
2	work done = force × distance (along the line of action of the force)	$W = F s$
3	force applied to a spring = spring constant × extension	$F = k e$
4	distance travelled = speed × time	$s = v t$
5	acceleration = $\frac{\text{change in velocity}}{\text{time taken}}$	$a = \frac{\Delta v}{t}$
6	resultant force = mass × acceleration	$F = m a$
8	kinetic energy = $0.5 \times \text{mass} \times (\text{speed})^2$	$E_k = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$
9	gravitational potential energy = mass × gravitational field strength (g) × height	$E_p = m g h$
10	power = $\frac{\text{energy transferred}}{\text{time}}$	$P = \frac{E}{t}$
11	power = $\frac{\text{work done}}{\text{time}}$	$P = \frac{W}{t}$
12	efficiency = $\frac{\text{useful output energy transfer}}{\text{total input energy transfer}}$	
13	efficiency = $\frac{\text{useful power output}}{\text{total power input}}$	
14	wave speed = frequency × wavelength	$v = f \lambda$
15	charge flow = current × time	$Q = I t$
16	potential difference = current × resistance	$V = I R$
17	power = potential difference × current	$P = V I$
18	power = (current) ² × resistance	$P = I^2 R$
19	energy transferred = power × time	$E = P t$
20	energy transferred = charge flow × potential difference	$E = Q V$
21	density = $\frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$	$\rho = \frac{m}{V}$
7 Higher	momentum = mass × velocity	$p = m v$
23 Triple	moment of a force = force × distance (normal to direction of force)	$M = F d$
24 Triple	pressure = $\frac{\text{force normal to a surface}}{\text{area of that surface}}$	$P = \frac{F}{A}$

Calculations in Biology

Magnification

Magnification = $\frac{\text{size of image}}{\text{Size of real object}}$
 $1\text{mm} = 1000\mu\text{m}$ $\mu\text{m} \rightarrow \text{mm} = \div 1000$

Sampling

Estimated population size = average count in 1m^2 x total area

Calculations in Chemistry higher tier

Sub-particles

Proton no. = atomic number
 Electron no. = atomic number
 Proton no. = mass number – atomic number

Relative Atomic Mass is the average mass of an atom of an element compared to the mass of $1/12^{\text{th}}$ of an atom of carbon-12.

Relative atomic mass

Relative atomic mass = $\frac{(\text{abundance of isotope 1} \times \text{mass of isotope 1}) + (\text{abundance of isotope 2} \times \text{mass of isotope 2})}{\text{Total abundance}}$

Rate of reaction (g/s or cm^3/s)

Mean rate of reaction = $\frac{\text{quantity of reactant used}}{\text{time taken}}$
 Mean rate of reaction = $\frac{\text{quantity of product formed}}{\text{Time taken}}$

CONCENTRATION

A measure of the amount of moles in a given volume.

Conc. (g dm^{-3}) = $\frac{\text{mass (g)}}{\text{Volume (dm}^3\text{)}}$

Conc. (mol dm^{-3}) = $\frac{\text{moles (mol)}}{\text{Volume (dm}^3\text{)}}$

cm^3 and dm^3
 $\text{cm}^3 \rightarrow \text{dm}^3 = \div 1000$

Chromatography

$R_f = \frac{\text{spot distance}}{\text{solvent front distance}}$

PERCENTAGE COMPOSITION

% = $\frac{\text{atomic mass element}}{\text{molar mass of compound}} \times 100$

MOLES higher

A measure of the amount of substance.

Number of moles (n) = $\frac{\text{mass (m)}}{\text{Molar mass (M}_r\text{)}}$

Mass is measured in grams.

Molar mass is calculated by adding the atomic masses (from the Periodic Table) together.

REACTING MASSES higher

Number of moles = $\text{mass} \div \text{molar mass}$

Mass = moles (from above) x molar mass

	H	C
mass		
A_r		
moles		
mass		

From the question.

Molar mass from the atomic mass number on the Periodic Table.

Energy change higher

Energy change = sum of energy needed to break bonds – sum of energy released making bonds

Calculations in Chemistry triple only

EMPIRICAL FORMULA

Number of moles =
mass ÷ molar mass

Round to nearest
whole number unless .5
– in this case double all
answers

	H	C
mass		
A_r		
moles		
÷ by smallest		
Round		
formula		

From the question.

Molar mass from the
atomic mass number
on the Periodic Table.

Smallest number of
moles from above

GASES triple higher

Moles of gas = $\frac{\text{volume of gas (dm}^3\text{)}}{24 \text{ dm}^3}$

TITRATIONS higher triple

1. Balance the equation.
2. Work out the number of moles using $n = c \times V$
3. Work out the molar ratio using equation.
4. Work out concentration using n from step 3 and $c = n / V$

Percentage yield triple only

Percentage yield = $\frac{\text{Actual yield}}{\text{Theoretical yield}} \times 100$

Atom economy triple only

Atom economy = $\frac{\text{Mr of desired product}}{\text{Mr of all products}} \times 100$

Required practicals

Biology Practicals	Paper
1. Microscopy	1
2. Osmosis	1
3. Enzymes	1
4. Food Tests	1
5. Photosynthesis	1
6. Reaction times	2
7. Field Observations	2
8. Microbiology (Triple only)	1
9. Germination (Triple only)	2
10. Decay (Triple only)	2

Chemistry Practicals	Paper
1. Making salts	1
2. Electrolysis	1
3. Temperature change	1
4. Water purification	2
5. Chromatography	2
6. Rates of reaction	2
7. Neutralisation (Triple only)	1
8. Identifying ions (Triple only)	2

Physics Practicals	Paper
1. Density	1
2. Specific heat capacity	1
3. Resistance	1
4. IV characteristics	1
5. Force and extension	2
6. Acceleration	2
7. Waves	2
8. Radiation and absorption	2
9. Thermal insulation (Triple only)	1
10. Light (Triple only)	2

Required practicals video links

Topic & Paper		Chemistry			
Water purification	2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N0f73tbGCRE			
Chromatography	2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kxrjvLvbY28		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-XCPPB-sBFU	
Rate of reaction	2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WlitM81qGqE		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wJXoUrBV6rk&index=3&list=P_LDB8KPHmXFyc14g6QuLodbPgddhkYGA4o	
Making salts	1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qlOMlwBoe_4		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=B1oS1_vDmUk	
Electrolysis	1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pW8oBf-UCWQ		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KvW-g1FQV9E	
Temperature change	1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xO7QL0S90e8		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=htiSN2qGuGc	
TRIPLE ONLY Identifying ions	2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2vCU9pVAyVE		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OVbW72RnzXQ	
TRIPLE ONLY Neutralisation	1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8yHYoEntCEY			

Topic & Paper		Physics			
Density	1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=F7uto-YfSRc		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ih4W-cXcsBQ	
		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ypg6mRbEhWs			
Specific heat capacity	1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jW2ANwnfsUY		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZYSdBU0pLvc	
Resistance	1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZJKmovo-MoM		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m_3JrA-sDEg	
		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XSukRnxGy5c		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1DI0By1Osrc	
IV characteristics	2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1QtI15E-GMU			
Force & extension	2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XoukVo6MR40		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QQCJeAqBumE	
Acceleration	2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gaKXmWdmeVQ&list=PLM2vhNffrPZf2tUarsQounK6plAUim2z9		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nRaJd59oolE	

Waves	2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kgl-hOBvQcc		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HANMKi6-Guk	
Radiation & absorption	2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ClRrU6JuBOc		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4Pz8xcEQtMU	
TRIPLE ONLY – Thermal insulation	1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RZfSA2Xa6SU			
TRIPLE ONLY – Light	2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XTMbYDrMr0w		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4VKtq6GMbDA&index=5&list=PLM2vhNffrPZf2tUarsQounK6plAUim2z9	

Topic & Paper		Biology			
Microscopy	1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XKPdnE6BGew		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DyL6s15WeqY	
		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GXqrbp91JPg		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J3HfSss5YPs	
Osmosis	1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oiEXYuQm_xE		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aA_UvVeQbww&t=32s	
Food tests	1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sLP8dcnWnJg		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=81SpohOUHjA	
Enzymes	1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7wJltifm9Ws		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8Yqbu56ImXk&t=11s	

Photosynthesis	1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yg8vqsBOFMw&t=6s		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6xEEDZAITME	
		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yg8vqsBOFMw&t=6s			
Reaction time	5	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=81IPJtAp5Sc		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3XM-4Qavh5k	
Field investigations	5	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UDp3I07Wcrg		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lKyj7gEAAS8&t=53s	
TRIPLE ONLY Microbiology	1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6SbIFQHRnRY&list=PLyLdDAgC3ROjaTKJF1sORxcSZSdxvczq9&index=2		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sZueyuUQeFc	
TRIPLE ONLY Decay	2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FVrOIMmmBQE			
TRIPLE ONLY Germination	2	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2TCu8GHS2nc		https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pCFstSMvAMI	

Revision timetable

Combined Science is worth 2 GCSEs

- 24(25) topics to revise
- 10 weeks = 2-3 topics a week
- 2-3 hours revision a week

Revision Timetable



Time	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
07:00							
08:00							
09:00							
10:00							
11:00							
12:00							
13:00							
14:00							
15:00							
16:00							
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23:00							

